Version Number: 1.0

QuickEasy™ Cell Direct RT-qPCR Kit-SYBR Green I

For cell direct RT-qPCR using 10-1,000,000 cells

Kit composition (20 µl qPCR reaction system)		DRT-01011	DRT-01012	comment	
		200 T	1000 T		
	Buffer CL	4 ml	20 ml		
Part I	Foregene Protease Plus II	80 µl	400 µl	Call Lygia	
	Buffer ST	400 µl	1 ml × 2	Cell Lysis	
	DNA Eraser	80 µl	400 µl		
	5× Direct RT Mix	160 µl	800 µl	RT	
Part II	2× Direct qPCR Mix-SYBR	1 ml × 2	1.7 ml × 6	«DCD	
	50× ROX Reference Dye	40 µl	200 μΙ	qPCR	
	RNase-Free ddH₂O	1.7 ml	10 ml	-	
Manual		1 serving	1 serving	1 serving	

^{*:} Cell Lysis , RT and qPCR components can be purchased separately. For details, see Appendix 1 of the full version of the manual (PAGE 13).

Product Introduction

This product uses a unique lysis buffer system to quickly release RNA from cultured cell samples for use in RT-qPCR reactions, eliminating RNA purification process. The required RNA template can be obtained in just 7 minutes, with reagents the 5× Direct RT Mix and 2× Direct qPCR Mix -SYBR can quickly and effectively obtain real-time quantitative PCR results.

Transport and storage conditions

- 1. Transportation conditions: The whole process is transported in a low-temperature ice box to ensure that the kit is in a state of <4 °C.
- Storage conditions: Part I of the kit is stored at 4 °C; Part II is stored at -20°C.

Precautions:

- ♦ Attention to the cleanliness of the experimental environment and utensils to avoid RNase pollution and RNA degradation.
- Do not use cell samples that have been repeatedly frozen and thawed.
- Cell lysis system should be prepared fresh and ready to use.

Operation guide

A: Sample RNA release

 Cells were pretreated: Wash the cell culture plate with cold PBS, then lyse the cells (10-10⁶), 10⁶ than the amount of cells, is recommended Foregene the Cell an RNA Isolation Kit the Total (DE-03111) or Animal Total RNA Isolation Kit (DE-03011) for RNA extraction and purification.

- 1.1. Adherent cells (24- well plate as an example)
- 1.1.1. Determine the number of cells in each well, determine that the number of cells is 1×10^5 , and use a pipette to remove the culture medium from the culture dish.
- 1.1.2. Add 200 µl of pre-chilled 1 × PBS to each well. Do not pipet repeatedly and remove PBS from the wells. Tilt the plate and remove as much PBS as possible. Proceed to step 2.
- 1.1.3. Different cell culture dish or a reference number table 1-1 in a cell culture dish was added precooled 1 × PBS for cell washing.

Table1-1: PBS dosage for different numbers of cells

Culture plate type	Number of cells / well	1 × PBS/ well
6-well	1× 10 ⁶	1000 μΙ
12-well	2× 10 ⁵	400 µl
24-well	10 ⁵	200 μΙ
96-well	10 ⁴	50 μl
384-well	5× 10³	25 μl

Note: To ensure a firm adherent cells, a large number of cell loss avoided when washing.

- 1.2. Suspension cells or adherent cells cultured in non-porous plates
- 1.2.1. Adherent cells cultured in non-multi well plates (suspension cells start from the next step 1.2.2), collect and separate the cells according to the normal cell collection method, and place them in a culture plate or centrifuge tube; if trypsinization is used, require centrifugation to collect the cells and to remove residual trypsin, added PBS resuspended cells into individual cells to disperse the cells.
- 1.2.2. After the number of cells counted, aliquoted cells 1×10^5 one to centrifuge tubes, collect cells by centrifugation at $1000 \times g$ for 10 min.
- 1.2.3. Add 200 µl PBS to the centrifuge tube, do not pipet repeatedly, and directly aspirate the PBS. proceed to step 2. (If difficult to precipitate and the cells were resuspended again, may be performed 1000×g centrifuged 10 min after discarding the supernatant, the cell pellet proceed to step 2)
- Cell lysis: Remove Buffer CL, its temperature equilibrated to room temperature, DNA
 Eraser and Foregene Protease Plus II, according to the following table 1-2 prepared lysis system: (Lysis solution is ready for use).

Table1-2: cleavage system preparation (Note: in the preparation on ice)

Component	6-well plate	12-well plate	24-well plate	96-well plate	384-well plate
(Cell Lysis Master Mix)		plate	plate	piate	piate
(Och Lysis Master Mix)	1000 µl/well	400 μl/well	200 µl /well	50 µl/well	25 µl/well
Buffer CL	960µl	384µl	192µl	48µI	24µl
DNA Eraser	20µl	8µI	4µl	1µl	0.5 µl
Foregene Protease Plus II	20µl	8µl	4µl	1 µl	0.5 µl

3. (24 –well plate as an example) Pipette 200 μ l of cell lysis master mix into each well, Repeatedly blow 5-10 times, Incubate at room temperature (20-25 $^{\circ}$ C) for 5 min .

Note: To avoid the formation of bubbles, please when pipetting pipette scale was adjusted to 200µl or less. The cells may appear cloudy after lysis, which is normal.

4. (24 –well plate as an example) is added in the liquid 20 μ l Buffer ST (different lysis systems Buffer ST added in an amount shown in Table 1-3) , repeated pipetting 5-10 times, at room temperature(20-25 $^{\circ}$ C) were incubated for 2 min .

Note: The pipette tip disposed below the surface, ensuring that the lysate was added, to avoid the formation of bubbles, please when pipetting pipette scale was adjusted to 200µl or less.

Table 1-3: Add Buffer ST

Buffer ST	6- well plate	12- well plate	24- well plate	96- well plate	384- well plate
	100 µl/well	40 μl/well	20 μl/well	5 μl/well	2.5 µl /well

5. The lysate is used for subsequent RT-qPCR experiments. If the subsequent experiments cannot be performed in time, please keep it on ice for no more than 2hr, and store at -20°C or -80 °C (no more than three months).

B: RT system preparation

1. Take out 5 × Direct RT Mix and place it on an ice bath, let it melt naturally, and gently mix it for later use; take out RNase-Free ddH2O and melt it and place it on an ice bath for later use. Prepare the reaction system on ice according to Table 2-1 below.

Table 2-1: Preparation of RT reaction system

RT system add content	With the amount		Final concentration
5 × Direct RT Mix	4µI	8 µl	1 ×
Cell Lysates (RNA template)	4 μΙ	8 µl	Add range adjustment (10 -40%)
RNase-Free ddH₂O	12 µl	24 µl	-
Total Volume	20 µl	40 µl	-

2. After completion of system formulation, gently mixed and centrifuged briefly in the following table 2 -2 reaction conditions RT reaction.

Table 2-2: RT Reaction condition setting

Step	Temperature	time	content
1	42 °C	15-30 min	cDNA synthesis
2	95 °C	5 min	Inactivated reverse transcriptase
3	4 °C	N/A	

3. After completion of the reaction, the reaction product was placed directly on ice for qPCR, please put the long-term preservation -20°C or -80 °C.

Note: Due to the use of non-purified template, white precipitates may appear in the reverse transcription product. This is a normal phenomenon. Centrifuge the supernatant immediately for subsequent experiments.

C: qPCR reaction system preparation

1. Appropriate amount of B prepared in step cDNA template according to the following table 3-1 to prepare a reaction system.

Note: The amount of cDNA template accounts for 10-30% of the qPCR system. For example, in a $20\mu l$ qPCR system, add 2-6 μl of lysis buffer, but not more than 6 μl .

2. The optimization good qPCR conditions (Annealing temperature, etc.) for qPCR reaction (The reaction conditions given at Table 3-2 / 3-3).

Note: Try to use optimized conditions for qPCR reactions to get better results.

Table 3-1: Preparation of PCR reaction system

RT system add content	With the amount	Final concentration
2 × Direct qPCR Mix -SYBR	10 μΙ	1 ×
Forward Primer (10μM)	0.5 μΙ	50-900 nM
Reverse Primer (10µM)	0.5 μΙ	50-900 nM
cDNA template (obtained from step B)	4 μΙ	10-30%
RNase-Free ddH₂O	5 µl	
50× ROX Reference Dye 3*	-	-
Total Volume	20 μΙ	

Table 3-2: Two-step qPCR reaction conditions are provided

Table 6 21 The Grap of Control						
Step	Temperature	Time	Cycles	Content		
1	95 °C	3 min	1	Predenaturation		
2	95 °C	5-10 sec	40	Template denaturation		
3	60-65 C			Annealing / Extension		
4	4 Melting curve					

Table 3-3: Three-step gPCR reaction conditions are provided

Table 6-6: Three-step qr of reaction conditions are provided						
Step	Temperature	Time	Cycles	Content		
1	95 °C	3 min	1	Predenaturation		
2	95 °C	5-10 sec		Template denaturation		
3	55-65 °C	10 sec	40	Annealing		
4	72 °C	20-30 sec		Extension		
5	Melting curve					